THE FLUORINATION OF PLASTICS IN SOLVENTS WITH ELEMENTARY FLUORINE

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A procedure [1] is described which permits the fluorination of surfaces of plastic materials, especially polyethylene or polypropylene, with elementary fluorine dissolved in appropriate solvents (e.g., fluorotrichloromethane, F 11; 1,1,2- trifluorotrichloroethane, F 113) or solvent mixtures.

Certain properties of plastics such as permeability or wettability are changed by this procedure [2, 3]. The results depend on the treatment parameters

- fluorine concentration.
- solvent.
- temperature,
- treatment time.
- additives.

Results are presented for the fluorination of 1 L polyethylene bottles treated at 20 °C in 1,1,2- trifluorotrichloroethane at fluorine concentrations near 1 mmol/L for periods of 1, 3 and 10 min. At this temperature, conditions have been established which permit the reduction of the permeability of polyethylene to hydrocarbons (e.g., gasoline) to less than 2% of the permeability of non-treated material. At higher temperatures the fluorine incorporation in the treated layers increases drastically.

This method also produces a dramatic increase in adhesion of printing ink to polyethylene and polypropylene.

An apparatus for the fluorination of 1 L polyethylene bottles and a pilot plant for the treatment of 120 L polyethylene containers are described.

- 1 Patent DE 3 535 602 (1985) Hewing.
- 2 C. Bliefert, M. Boldhaus, F. Erdt and M. Hoffmann, Kunststoffe 76, 235 240 (1986); Kunststoffe German Plastics 76, 13 16 (1986).
- C. Bliefert, 'Lösungsfluorierung (off-line)', in: VDI (Ed.) Sperrschichtbildung bei Kunststoff-Hohlkörpern. Düsseldorf: VDI-Verlag, 1986, pp 131 - 142.